

REPORT

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SUPPLEMENT TO
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THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

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1. In early May 1954, a new cable called "KVP-3" was put into operation for the exclusive use of the KVP. The cable has 50 pairs of wires, each 0.8 mm. in diameter, and connects the new Presidium on Hohenzollernstrasse, Berlin, with the newly constructed government telephone exchange on Majakowski Ring in Berlin-Pankow. The latter telephone exchange is operated exclusively by KVP personnel. The postal administration is only responsible for technical checks.
2. In about July 1954, a 50-pair 3 PMSc X/21/I cable was laid for the KVP. The cable extends from the main telephone exchange of the KVP Headquarters on Geschwister-Scholl-Strasse to the Soviet switch-chamber 21/I on Schadowstrasse, from where one ten-pair cable leads to the Soviet Embassy, and one 30-pair cable to the trunk exchange on Neue Wilhelmstrasse.
3. In early May 1954, a 250-pair special cable, the wires of which had a diameter of 0.8 mm. was put into operation. This cable, which is exclusively used by the government and is called "S I FMA Reg", is the former civilian cable "I/VI,9". The cable has been rearranged and extends from the telephone exchange with the main distributor "Vn Merkur" to the branch exchange "UV 7" at 5-7 on Leipziger Strasse.
4. In early May 1954, special cable S 03 KVP 019 was put into operation. The 250-pair cable extends from the Morden civilian telephone exchange to cable pit No 01511 where it splits. A total of 100 pairs of wires leads to the KVP telephone exchange on Geschwister-Scholl-Strasse, while another 100 pairs of wires under the designation of special cable S 01 03 extend to the civilian telephone exchange with the main distributor "Vn Merkur", while the remaining 50 pairs of wires lead to the cable distribution box KV 9 on Planck Strasse.¹
5. In October 1954, one wire of the 300-pair cable from Niederschoeneweide to Tempelhof-1 was switched as an alert circuit.

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6. In June 1954, a Soviet cable for radio communications was laid from the Soviet office on Dottstrasse in Berlin-Richtenberg to the main radio installation at Uhlenhorst. The cable has 10 pairs and each of the wires has a diameter of 1.6 mm. The cable was scheduled to be in service by 20 September 1954.
7. In December 1954, the German postal administration made plans for a VSC cable which was to be laid by the Soviets themselves outside existing cable ducts from the Soviet office / C-3 at Karlshorst to the headquarters of the Sea Police. The 10-pair Mibc cable was designated B-/C-3 and its wires had a diameter of 0.8 mm.
8. A new special cable was scheduled to be laid for the Soviets from telephone exchange 63 on Fernstrasse to the exchange on Reonstrasse. The cable, a 10-pair Mibc cable the wires of which had a diameter of 0.8 mm, was designated Sov. II-3. The cable was to be laid in tubes and was scheduled to be in service by 22 January 1955. The two telephone exchanges mentioned were occupied by German and Soviet personnel.
9. In December 1954, two new 10-pair cables were laid from the headquarters of the Sea Police on Karlshorster Strasse to the KVP installation at 139 on Schnellerstrasse.
10. In May 1954, the framework of the new telephone exchange No 64 was completed. The increase to 10,000 units had become necessary in connection with the concentration of ministries and large industrial enterprises. The wiring scheme for the new exchange had not yet been fixed.
11. In mid-May 1954, a new 100-pair cable was laid from the underground bunker on Oranienburger Strasse to the KVP central telephone exchange bunker, a former German Army telephone exchange which was enlarged by the Soviets in 1952. Subsequently, all air force cables were connected to the telephone exchange at the bunker. The KVP main telephone exchange was used as the exchange of the Berlin station headquarters prior to 1945.
12. On 5 April 1955, the GDR Postal and Telecommunications Ministry ordered telecommunication engineering office No 1 in East Berlin to begin work immediately on the laying of cables to Strausberg airfield.
13. In February 1955, three new special 20-pair cables were put into operation for the Ministry of the Interior. The cables terminate at the exchange of the State Security Service at 22 Normannenstrasse. Special cable S 31/3 extends from there to building No 17 on Greiwald Strasse at Hohenschönhausen; special cable S 31/4 to building No 1 on Schnellerstrasse; and special cable S 31/5 to building No 100 on Gross-Berliner-Damm, Johannisdorf. All the cables are direct connections and do not touch a junction box or cable distribution box. They were laid in cable ducts previously in existence. In February 1955, work was started on the rearrangement of all old cables of the Ministry of the Interior. These cables were taken out of junction boxes and cable distribution boxes and rearranged in such a way as to make them tap proof.
14. In the summer of 1954, long-distance cable 136.1 and 2 was removed by order of the Postal and Telecommunications Ministry between Wilhelmstrasse and Schnellerstrasse.
15. In July 1954, the laying of cables for the civilian telephone exchange in Koepenick was completed. The necessary technical equipment was not yet available. The automatic installation must still be furnished by West Germany. The completion of telephone exchange No 64 was included in the 1955 construction program. The branch exchange at Schöneberg which was completed in 1953 was not in operation in the summer of 1954. It was scheduled to be connected to Telephone Exchange No 64 in 1955.

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